Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information				
Candidate surname		Other names		
Centre Number Candidate Number Pearson Edexcel International GCSE				
Monday 13 Novemb	er 202	23		
Morning (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes)	Paper reference	4BS1/01		
Business PAPER 1: Investigating small businesses				
You do not need any other material	s.	Total Marks		

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- Calculators may be used.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.





FORMULAE FOR INTERNATIONAL GCSE BUSINESS

Gross profit margin:

Gross profit = revenue – cost of sales

Gross profit margin =
$$\frac{\text{gross profit}}{\text{revenue}} \times 100$$

Operating profit margin:

Operating profit = gross profit - other operating expenses

Operating profit margin =
$$\frac{\text{operating profit}}{\text{revenue}} \times 100$$

Markup:

$$Markup = \frac{profit per item}{cost per item} \times 100$$

Return on capital employed (ROCE):

$$ROCE = \frac{operating profit}{capital employed} \times 100$$

Current ratio:

Acid test ratio:

Acid test ratio =
$$\frac{\text{current assets} - \text{inventory}}{\text{current liabilities}}$$

Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Some questions must be answered with a cross in a box \boxtimes . If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box \boxtimes and then mark your new answer with a cross \boxtimes .

As We Grow (AWG) is a clothing business in Iceland. The social objective of the business is to use natural materials, such as wool, and produce environmentally friendly products. It aims to design clothes that will last a long time, to encourage families to buy fewer clothes and reduce waste in society.

AWG's increasing product range now includes jumpers, dresses, shirts and baby clothes. These are produced in small workshops that employ family and friends. Waste is kept to a minimum and any leftover material is used to make scarves and hats. The business has one store in Iceland. It uses its website to advertise and sell its clothing online to customers in other countries. The business has received the Icelandic Design Award for its contribution to the environment.

(a)	(i)	Which one of the following is shown on the statement of financial position?
		Select one answer.

(1)

- A Sales
- **B** Cost of sales
- **C** Current assets
- ☑ D Gross profit
- (ii) Which **one** of the following is an element of the marketing mix?

 Select **one** answer.

(1)

- A Price
- **B** Partnership
- C Production
- **D** Profit



A business has fixed costs of £6 000 a month. Variable costs are £5 per unit and 8,000 units are made each month.

(iii) Which one of the following is the total monthly cost?

Select **one** answer.

(1)

- B £14 000
- **D** £46 000
- (iv) Which **one** of the following job roles is most likely to be associated with capital-intensive production?

Select **one** answer.

(1)

- A Hairdresser
- **B** Car assembly worker
- **D** Chef
- (v) Which **one** of the following is an internal source of finance?

Select **one** answer.

(1)

- **A** Overdraft
- **B** Venture capital
- C Retained profit
- **D** Crowdfunding

The currency of Iceland is the krona (ISK).	
AWG's weekly fixed costs are 440 000 ISK and the variable cost per jumper is 2 500 ISK. Each jumper is sold for 8 000 ISK.	
(vi) Which one of the following is the weekly break-even point?	
Select one answer.	
	(1)
■ B 55	
□ 176	
(b) Define the term profit .	(4)
	(1)
(c) Define the term span of control .	(1)
	(1)
(d) State one likely variable cost for <i>AWG</i> .	(1)
	(1)



	cimal places, the new price of to show your working.	the jumper in the promotiona	
			(2)
		\$)
- I	. I to die		
Explain one benefit t	to a business that operates as	s a sole trader.	(3)
			(3)

(g) Analyse the advantages to AWG of using e-commerce to sell its products.	(6)
(Total for Question 1 = 20) marks)



2	(a)	State one non-financial method <i>AWG</i> may use to motivate its employees.	(1)
	(b)	State one task of an <i>AWG</i> employee working in the human resources department.	(1)
	(c)	Explain one benefit of globalisation to a small business.	(3)

		(3)
its customers.		(3)



If AWG expands its business in Iceland it may need to seek additional finance. It is considering two options:	
Option 1: use venture capital to open new stores	
Option 2: start offering franchises.	
(f) Justify which one of these two options AWG should choose.	
	(9)

(Total for Question 2 = 20 marks)

a) 	Define the term job production .	(1)
(b)	Outline why AWG can be classified as operating in the secondary sector.	(2)
		(2)
	2022, <i>AWG</i> borrowed 70 000 ISK from its bank. At the end of the year it paid back loan with 6.5% interest.	
he		(2)
the	e loan with 6.5% interest. Calculate the total amount, including interest, <i>AWG</i> would have paid to the bank.	(2)
the	e loan with 6.5% interest. Calculate the total amount, including interest, <i>AWG</i> would have paid to the bank.	(2)
the	e loan with 6.5% interest. Calculate the total amount, including interest, <i>AWG</i> would have paid to the bank.	(2)



AWG is an importer and an exporter. It imports materials to make its jumpers and exports its clothing to international customers.	
(d) Analyse the impact on AWG of a depreciation of the ISK.	(6)



AWG is planning to launch a new range of clothing aimed at teenagers and younger adults. It is considering two pricing methods:	
Option 1: competition pricing	
Option 2: cost plus pricing.	
(e) Justify which one of these two options AWG should choose.	4.53
	(9)



(Total for Question 3 = 20 marks)



- **4** AWG sells men's jumpers for 34 000 ISK. An employee who sells a jumper is rewarded with a commission payment. This is 2% of the price of the jumper.
 - (a) Calculate the commission payment paid to an employee selling 12 jumpers. You are advised to show your working.

(2)

.....ISK

AWG is considering introducing Kaizen. (b) Analyse how this could affect its business.	(6)
	(6)



Evaluate the impact on AWG of having these social objectives when planning to grow the business. You should use the information provided as well as your own knowledge of business.	
iniomeage of Sasiness.	(12)

(Total for Question 4 = 20 marks)
(Iotal for Question T - 20 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER = 80 MARKS



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Source:

https://aswegrow.is/pages/story

