



# Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

**ACCOUNTING** 7707/22

Paper 2 Structured Written Paper

October/November 2024

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- International accounting terms and formats should be used as appropriate.
- You should show your workings.

### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].
- Where you are asked to complete a layout, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

This document has 24 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



1 Kalima is a trader.

At the start of September 2024, Kalima had a cash balance of \$240, a bank balance of \$890 credit and a credit customer, Elizah, owed Kalima \$520.

2

The following transactions took place during the month:

- September 2 Paid stationery in cash, \$82
  - 3 Cash sales, \$478

A cheque for \$30 received at the end of August from Badr, a credit customer, was dishonoured

- 5 Paid wages by credit transfer, \$1390
- 7 Bought goods from Gulnar on credit, \$200
- 10 Kalima withdrew \$150 from the business bank account for personal use
- Received a cheque from Elizah in full settlement of the amount owed less 2.5% cash discount
- 16 Paid \$120 cash into the business bank account
- 21 Paid Gulnar the full amount due by credit transfer less a cash discount of 2%
- 23 Sold goods to Elizah on credit, \$1450
- 29 A credit note totalling \$325 was issued to Elizah for goods returned

### **REQUIRED:**

(a) Prepare Kalima's cash book on the page opposite, for September 2024.

Balance the account and bring down the balances on 1 October 2024.



\* 0000800000003 \*

3

		 	•     • •	1881	 	 		 		- <del>-</del>
	Bank \$									[13]
	Cash \$									
	Discount Received \$									
	Details									
Kalima Cash book	Date 2024									
Kal	Bank \$									
	Cash \$									
	Discount allowed \$									
	Details									
	Date 2024									

)	What does the credit balance in the bank on 1 September 2024 represent?	
	L	1

(c) Prepare the account of Elizah as it would appear in Kalima's books. Balance the account and bring down any balances on 1 October 2024.

# Kalima

Details	Amount \$	Date 2024	Details	Amount \$
		1		

[5	1
ıv	' I
	-

(a)	Elizah's account would appear.	ce on
		[1]

[Total: 20]



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[Turn over

Ben runs a small business but does not maintain a full set of accounting records. He has provided the following information:

	31 March 20	24	1 April 202 \$	3
Premises at cost	140 000		140 000	
Machinery at cost	106 000		92000	
Accumulated depreciation on machinery	36000		10000	
Inventory	42000		24600	
Trade receivables	43400		39600	
Trade payables	19700		24750	
Bank	13000	debit	3200	credit
Other receivables	1200		1650	

# **REQUIRED:**

(a) Calculate Ben's opening and closing capital.

	Workings	Answer \$
Capital at 1 April 2023		
Capital at 31 March 2024		

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an additional \$10000 cash into the business bank account from his personal funds.

### **REQUIRED:**

(b) Calculate the profit for the year using the table below. Include your opening and closing capitals from 2(a) and indicate whether the amounts of Ben's transactions shown should be added or deducted from the opening capital.

7

	Added to opening capital \$	Deducted from opening capital	Total \$
Capital at 1 April 2023			
Capital introduced			
Profit for the year			
Drawings			
Total adjustments			
Capital at 31 March 2024			

[4]

In addition, Ben was able to provide details of transactions received and paid.

\$

Receipts from credit customers 452 000
Cash sales 21 000
Payments to credit suppliers 224 700

(c)	(i)	Calculate Ben's credit purchases for the year ended 31 March 2024.					
		[3]					



Calculate Ben's <b>total</b> sales for the year ended 31 March 2024.	
[3	

As his business is growing, Ben is considering maintaining a full set of accounting records. To allow him to do this, he believes he would need to employ an experienced book-keeper at a salary of \$18000.

')	advantages and <b>two</b> disadvantages of employing a book-keeper.

Ben has reviewed the age and level of his trade receivables and believes he should provide for possible doubtful debts.

# **REQUIRED:**

(e)	(i)	Which accounting principle would he be applying by creating a provis debts?	on for doubtful
			[1]

(ii) Complete the table by placing a tick (✓) to show what effect creating a provision for doubtful debts would have on Ben's profit for the year, trade receivables and cash at bank.

	Profit for the year	Trade receivables	Cash at bank
Increase			
Decrease			
No effect			

[2]

[Total: 20]

Sports T is a club providing sporting facilities to its members. The club hires all sporting equipment.

The club also runs a small café selling food and refreshments which members and guests can use. All sales from the café are on a cash basis.

10

The club treasurer has provided the following information for the year ending 31 December 2023:

# Receipts throughout the year:

	\$
Café sales	27 000
Members' subscriptions	162000
Bank interest	720

# Payments made throughout the year:

	\$
Salaries & Wages:	
Sports coaches	58220
Administration salaries	31720
Café assistant's wages	14352
Rent of premises	16250
Hiring costs – sports equipment	31900
Rates and insurance	3200
Purchases of food and drink for resale	8220
Accountancy fees	2400

### Balances at 1 January 2023:

	\$	
Inventory of food & drink	1290	
Subscriptions owing from previous year	1520	
Receipts and payments account	3300	debit

### Balances at 31 December 2023:

	\$
Inventory of food & drink	1340
Subscriptions received in advance	2800
Subscriptions outstanding	1280

### Additional information:

- 1. The contract for hiring the sports equipment is \$34800 per annum and is paid monthly.
- 2. Rent of premises is paid for the period from 1 January 2023 up to 31 January 2024.

# **REQUIRED**

(a) Prepare the café income statement for the year ended 31 December 2023.

# Sports T club Café Income Statement for the year ended 31 December 2023

11

\$	\$

[5]



Prepare the subscriptions account in the books of Sports T club for the year ending 31 December 2023.

Balance the account and bring down the balances on 1 January 2024.

# Sports T club Subscriptions account for the year ended 31 December 2023

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$

[5]



(c) Prepare the income and expenditure account of Sports T club for the year ended 31 December 2023.

# Sports T club Income and expenditure account for the year ended 31 December 2023

13

\$	\$

[10]

[Total: 20]

Y Limited is a public limited company.

(a)	State <b>one</b> difference between a public limited company and a private limited company.	
		[1]
(b)	Explain the difference between issued share capital and called up share capital.	
		[2]
(c)	State <b>two</b> benefits of operating as a limited company.	
	1	
	2	
	2	
		[2]

Y Limited's financial year ends on 31 December each year. On 1 January 2023, the company had:

15

800 000 ordinary shares of \$1 each, issued and fully paid.

300 000 5% redeemable preference shares of \$0.50 each.

Retained earnings of \$62000.

General reserves of \$78000.

# Y Limited provided the following information:

Proposed final ordinary share dividend of \$43000 for the year ended 31 December 2022 was paid on 31 March 2023.

Interim ordinary share dividend of \$40 000 was paid on 30 September 2023.

Profit for the year ended 31 December 2023 was \$126000 (before the payment of preference share dividend).

### On 31 December 2023:

The company decided to transfer \$32000 to its general reserve.

Agreed a final ordinary share dividend for the year of 6%.

### **REQUIRED:**

(d) Prepare the statement of changes in equity for Y limited for the year ended 31 December 2023

Y Limited Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2023

	Ordinary Share Capital \$	General Reserve \$	Retained Earnings \$	Total \$
On 1 January 2023				
On 31 December 2023	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>

[7]





(e) Using the information from your statement of changes in equity in 4(d), prepare an extract from the statement of financial position at 31 December 2023 showing the equity and reserves section only.

# Y Limited Extract from Statement of financial position at 31 December 2023

\$
 l

[2]

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The company is considering expansion but needs to raise additional finance to do so. They are considering either issuing additional ordinary shares or debentures.

17

(f)	Advise the board of directors whether they should issue additional ordinary shares or debentures to raise the additional finance required. Justify your answer.
	[5]
(g)	Name the section heading in a company's statement of financial position where debentures would be included.
	[1]





Azim is a wholesaler. He sells goods on both cash and credit basis. Terms of business for all credit sales is 30 days.

18

Azim has provided the following information for the year ended 31 December 2023.

	\$
Cash sales	18170
Credit sales	392600
Credit purchases	278429
Inventory at 31 December 2022	24074
Inventory at 31 December 2023	25600
Money owed by credit customers at 31 December 2023	42375
Money owed to credit suppliers at 31 December 2023	21603

# **REQUIRED:**

(a) Using the information provided, calculate the following ratios for the year ended 31 December 2023. Show your workings.

Ratio	Workings	Answer
Inventory turnover (correct to 2 decimal places)		
Trade receivables turnover (round up your answer to the nearest whole day)		
Trade payables turnover (round up your answer to the nearest whole day)		

[7]



During the previous year, Azim's trade receivables turnover had been 35 days and he is concerned that this is too high.

19

Azim had been considering using the services of a debt collection company to improve the speed at which he receives his money from his credit customers.

dvise Azim whether he should appoint a debt collection company. Justify your answer with wo advantages and two disadvantages.						
[P						



	000080000				
(c)	Sugges	t <b>two</b> (	other n	neasu	res th

				20			
(c)	Suggest <b>two</b> other period.	measure	s that Azim	might take	to reduce his	trade receiv	ables turnover
	1						
	2						
							[2]
31	im had calculated December 2023. He siness.	_	•	_	•	-	•
		<u>Azim</u>	<u>Baher</u>				
	oss profit margin	33%	37%				
Pro	ofit margin	10%	12%				
REQUIF	RED:						
(d)	Suggest <b>one</b> action	n that Azin	n might take	to improve	his:		
	(i) Gross profit m	argin					
							[1]
	(ii) Profit margin						
							[1]
	ring the year ended tered this in his acco						
REQUIF	RED:						

# REQ

(e) (i) Prepare the journal entry that Azim would need to make to correct this error. A narrative is **not** required.

Details	Debit \$	Credit \$

[2]



(ii) Complete the table below by placing a tick (✓) to indicate the effect of correcting this error on Azim's gross profit and closing capital.

	increase	decrease	no effect
gross profit			
closing capital			

21

[2]

[Total: 20]

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